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FCR INDEDIATE PELEASE CONTACT: Paul Critchlow Press Secretary (717) 783-1116

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TRAMSCRIPT PRFSS CONFERENCE GOV. DICK THORNBURGH LT. GOV. WILLIAM SCRAMTON, 3d

A short time ago, I spoke with President Carter and the Chairman of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) about the situation at Three-Mile Island. Based upon the evidence and best technical advice available, the President concurred with me that there continues, at present readings, no reason for panic or implementation of emergency measures.

Because the situation is a fluid one, we are continuing to constantly monitor it. The Preaident has dispatched his personal representative, Mr. Harold Denton, chief operations officer of the NRC, to assist me and work with our experts, on the scene, to monitor the situation and keep me, and through me the public, fully advised. .

Based on advice of the Chairman of NRC and in the interests of taking every precaution, I am advising those who may be particularly susceptible to the effects of radiation, that is, pregnant women and preschool age children, to leave the area within a 5-mile radius of the Three-mile Island facility until further notice. We have also ordered the closing of any schools within this area. I repeat that this and other contingency measures are based on my belief that an excess of caution is best. Current readings are no higher than they were yesterday. However, the continued presence of radioactivity in the area and the possibility of further emissions lead me to exercise the utmost of caution.

Answering questions with the Governor and Lt. Governor are; Thomas Gerusky, Director of DER's bureau of radiological protection Craig Williamson, Deputy Director of Civil Defense

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PANYARD:	Governor, do you know what the temperature is at the core of the reactor right now?
GERUSKY :	I believe it's the same as it was yesterday.
PANTARD:	So, it has not dropped at all?
GERUSKY:	No. it is supposed to stay there until the coolant system comes on. It's just stabilized right now.
PANYARD:	Do you have any reason to believe that it may have
BRUTTO :	Governor are you concerned that a sense of panic may have set in here?
GOVERNOR:	I hope not. By a deliberate measured response that the President and I agree is the best way to deal with the current situation as we know it that people will take confidence in the fact that we are assessing the situation constantly to satisfy ourselves, what is rumor and what is fact and that the recommendations that we're making now will be accepted.
BRUTTO:	Governor, do you have some type of security set up in these areas that you're going to evacuate?
GCVERNOR:	They will be handled by local police. They are not being evacuated. We are recommending to a specified group of persons that they leave this area.
REPORTER:	
GOVERNCR:	Our recommendation has been made until further notice and we'll have to evaluate the situation on a constant basis so we can make any other recommendations that will be in order.
ROS5:	Governor, there is a conflict that came whether this was a planned emission or whether it was not a planned emission.
GERUSKY:	It was an unplanned emission. They were moving water from one tank into another tank, from one area to another, in the reactor and a valve went.
BRUTTO:	Water, did you say?
GERUSKY:	Water.
REPORTER:	And a valve failed?
GERUSKY:	Yes.
PANYARD:	Is thator in the main auxiliary building?
REPORTCR :	that they say it coming, they had no way to get the steam off of the?
GEBUSHY :	Then the information that I have as of two hours aco is not correct.
PANYARD:	Is there any way that you have of checking the information that is being fed to you by Met Ed? - Fore -

- GOVERNOR: We're constantly checking it. It's one of the reasons, we are delayed in speaking to you about the situation, because we want to get the best fix on what the facts are. There are a number of conflicting versions of every event that seems to occur.
- REPORTER: Governor, there are many many people who are already evacuating the area, children being taken from schools be parents, are being loaded into cars, their belingings we have noticed in some towns, are being loaded on trucks ' people are saying thisgs they want to get out, some people don't say anything, they're still getting out. Are you trying to discourage this by this statement, or trying to control it, do you have any police plans to see thet there is not an interruption with traffic, because this could escalate as more and more people see others move, leave, it's like a chain reaction.

GOVERNOR: We have no indication of any traffic problems at the present time.

REPORTER: Governor, where are these people supposed to go that you are suggesting get out? The pre-school children and the pregnant women? Do you have any plans for that or just go away somewhere?

WILLIAMSON: The announcements made by the county emergency management directors will include information as to where mass care facilities have been set up and are available to those who voluntarily leave the area.

MACLEOD: How many mass care centers have been set up?

WILLIAMSON: I don't know the exact number. But there are a number. .

MACLECD: ----a few, a score, or a couple hundred?

WILLIAMSON: I would imagine something in the neighborhood of 10 - 15.

PANYARD: -----thumbnail sketch of the evacuation plan, if in fact it ever comes to that?

WILLIAMSON: If it became necessary to evacuate the area, the county emergency management directors would be advised and they would put their existing plans into being and there would be a controlled evacuation from the areas where it is called for.

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PANYARD: Can you describe this controlled evacuation for those million people?

WILLIAMSON: The information would be issued to the people, the direction in which they should go and the location of emergency management cetners that will be open for them, and then they will be given a number to call if they have any transporation difficulties, and then those transportation difficulties would be worked out with county and emergency management people.

 SCOTZIN:
 You're not making any announcements right now, are you?

 GOVERNOR:
 Absolutely not. I think it is important to reiterate once again that there is no evacuation being undertaken.

 MACLEOD:
 Governor, how many people live in the 5 mile radius?

 GOVERNOR:
 I don't know. Do you know Craig?

 WILLIAMSON:
 Roughly 20,000.

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REPORTER:	Bow many schools?
WILLIAMSON:	I'm sorry, I don't have that figure. There are schools.
SCOTIIN:	There are schools. How many?
WILLIAMSON:	I have no idea John.
REPORTER:	Are you maintaing the request that people stay indices within a 10-mile radius?
GOVERNOR:	Yes. '
REPORTER:	For how long?
GOVERIOR:	Until further notice. We have to deal with the facts - as they develop and we're trying to determine those facts so that we can respond accordingly.
MACLEOD:	How many people live within that 10 mile radius?
SCOTZIN:	5 mile radius?
GOVER:OR:	I don't think we've looked at that because there is no action reasponse
REPORTER:	Where are these mass care centers being set up? In Hbg?
WILLIAMSON:	There's one on Bershey for example that I'm aware of. There are others, the Dauphin County Energency Management director has been announcing all morning over local radio stations the location of these emergency mass centers, should it become necessary to evacuate.
REPORTER:	Are they onlycenters? They're not mass care centers?
WILLIAMSON:	The people can sleep there and they will be fed there and for a limite dtime they can stay there.
REPORTER: WILLIAMSON:	How far is the Hershey one from the Three Mile Island? In air miles? I would imagine in excess of 10 miles.
ROSS:	There is a forecast for rain for the next few days, what effectwill that have upon the situation?
GERUSKY:	None.
MACLEOD:	Are the cities of Harrisburg, York, Lancaster and Lebinon involved in this potential evacuation alert area.
GOVERNOR:	There is no potential evacuation alert area?
MACLEOD:	But you're saying that you're monitoring the situation and that there could be evaucations
GOVERNOR:	I didn't say that at all. I said there is no evacuation order at this time.
SCOTZIN:	But you used the word potential, Governor.
GOVERNOR:	No, I didn't. I do not we cannot reflect upon what the facts may be, 1. 5, or 24 hours hence. I think the only we can say now is that there is no evacuation being ordered or undertaken.

Govarnor, is is -----to say that the state is preparing for an evacuation in the event that it becomes necessary based on changing -----7 REPORTER:

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GOVERNOR:	On wednesday morning, when I first learned of the incident that took place at the plant, I inquired of Colonel Henderson as to whether or not an . evacuation contingency plan was framed and available . if the eventually arose. He assured me that there was such a plan and I reamin assured that there is such a plan.
REPORTER:	In the event that an evacuation is deemed necessary how much of an advance notice can those affected expect?
GOVERNOR:	I can't say. As much as possible obviously.
REPORTER:	Governor, would you discourage the people beside pregnant woren and young children in the to leave the area now2.
GOVERNOR:	I think that's a decision that they have to make for themselves. If they assess the situation as the president and I and the chairman of the NRC do, there would be no reason to leave. However, family considerations, you don't expect only the pregnant women and the pre-school children to leave.
SEYNGUR:	Governor,your original statement you mentioned the last one I heard the possibility ofemissions Inaudible.
REPORTER:	Governor, concerning the situation at the plant on emissions, do you believe that there will be further emissions that will be requiring a reconsideration of evacuation?
GOVER::OR:	I don't know. The possibility is there and that will cause us to reconsider if it
FERRICX:	What have you heard from the company about the possibility of further emissions either controlled or potentially uncontrolled?
GOVE RNOR :	I think that we have been told by the company that there will be certainly further controlled emissions. When, where and in waht manner I'm not competent to speak
SEXTON ':	Governor, I don't understand in your statement you say that current readings are no higher than they were yesterday. Yesterday the NRC told us that the readings in the area had declined from a high of about 20 mr's, 30 mr's to an average of 1-5. Today, we were told that there were readings south of the plant of 25 mr's. Are the readings higher today?
GERUSKY: '	The current readings are in the 1-5 mr's range. The present, the last time I called over there before I came up 15-20 minutes ago.
SEXTON	1-5 mr's?
GERUSKY:	Yes. In the 1-5 mr's. Right at the observation center.
SEXTON:	Then why are you advising pregnant women to leave?
GERUSKY;	Because of the possibility that another event will occur. We don't want to leave people, let people stay there and have something more serious occur than what happened this morning.
SEXTC::	The 1-5 mr reading, is that from DER or the NRC? Where does that come from. Because that contradicts information that we got earlier?

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My DER staff is there with survey meters and have a been sending the information back by radio to my GERUSKY: #1 office. That's the last I have. REPORTER. YESTERDAY, NOW WHO CROERED the discharge of the water and who suspended it? Which agency of government? That's a little confusing. We haven't exactly found out how it started and we know why it stopped. GERUSKY : And that we allowed it to start again. We were told that yesterday afternoon that they were thinking about releasing some radioactive material to the river. Apparently, they believed that they had authorization under their license and ------ to release the material. It was less than 1 % of the allowable concentration that they could release under their -----. Unfortunately, it wasn't in the radioactive waste line. It was in the industrial waste line. And their -----said they couldn't release any radioactivity through their industrial waste line. So the NRC told them to stop. At that point they had to come to DER, because industrial waste is a DER problem. And on and on . . In any case, the radioactivity started yesterday. It will continue through 250,000 gallons per minute release. It's xanon 133 that 's in the water and it should evaporate immediately after it hits the river, causing no problem to anybody downstream or around the plant. REPORTER: How long will that continue? 30 hours, is what they anticipated their release GERUSTY: to----. PANYARD: When did the state first find out -----actually being dumped? GERUSKY: I don't. . . I think about 5 o'clock when they were told to stop, but I'm not positive. REPORTER: indudible. GERUSKY: Yes. And then we tried to find out what was happening and authorize the approval which started at midnight. REPORTER: - 30 hours, when does that end? GERUSKY: I believe from midnight last night when it started. REPORTER: To about 6 o'clock tomorrow? GERUSKY: Yes. GOVERNOR: Let me answer a previous question that was asked, there are 23 schools within this 5 mile. . . . 2. REPORTER : Governor, what about the food supplies in that 5 mile area? Are they in any danger of any kind of contamination or anything else? GFRUSHY. : No. We haven't found any radioactive iodine in the environment which is the most critical concern. The problem are the noble gases which are not reactive with anything and there's nothing on the ground THAT WE CAN FIND. So, there's no problem of contamination of food or anything like that as of this moment.

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The releases have been going through a filter system -GERUSKY : which includes cleanup of the -----. There is still a lot of radioactive material in that reactor and there is radioactive iodine in there in that reactor and it could get out and that's why we're continuing our monitoring program. REPORTES: What was the last millirem reading above the plant? I don't know above the plant. It was 3 at the, where GERUSKY: we were at the observation -----. I understand a state police helicopter was above the plant taking the reading and------PANYARD: . -The state, ok, yes, the 1sat reading. I don't know GERUSKY: what the last reading was, but the 1200 reading, there's a question about that, whether it's 1200 or 300, but it doesn't make any difference, it was high. What does the 1200 reading mean? REPORTER: It doesn't mean anything. Because we saw those levels GERUSKY: during the first few days right above in that plume. Right above the plant. Mr. Hendrie in the statement that was made earlier said that equivocates out to 120 millirems dosage for REPORTER: anybody downwind. That was the staement that was made by Mr. Critchlow earlier. I haven't done the calculation. I didn't know that GERUSKY: REPORTER: Tom, how far =----is the observation point where you got the reading of 3 or 5 from the plant7 GERUSKY: A mile. REPORTER: A quarter of a mile, three quarters of a mile, you can see the plant. . REPORTER: 3 or 5 what. Rems or millirems7 3 millirems. GERUSKY: REPORTER: What's that equivalent to? That's per hour and that's equivalent to a plane flight GEAUSKY: from here to California. REPORTER: Governor, you said that the situation there is stabilized but there's this sense that if there are these emissions that are non-controlled and it isn't stabilized and it

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GOVERNOR:

As I've said, I'm very skeptical of any one source of facts and one of the things that we have to do is rely on those people who come at this problem from differing sources so that we can satisy ourself on the facts that we use to base our opinions and our actions.

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is out of control. What are they telling you? Do you believe that it isn't under control there? 20

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GOVERNOR:	Stabilize means that as of the moment that I
REPORTER:	Inaudible.
GOVERNOR:	I've had no discussion with them.
REPORTER:	But the inforamtion provided to you that came from Met Ed, has that been credible or not?
GOVERNOR:	I really can't assess it because most of the information - I've received has been from NRC and from our DER and from the other agencies.
NACLEOD:	Governor, what's the difference between a child or a pregnant woman or an adult in terms of the possible ••••
GOVERNOR:	I don't know. My action was taken on the advice of the chairman of the NRC and my secretary of Health. They informed me that there was a particular susceptibility to the effects of radiation.
MACLEOD:	you don;t know exactly what the difference is?
GOVERNOR:	I'm not a medical doctor.
REFORTER:	Could Mr. Gerusky be a little more specific as to who at the plant told himmore precisely what happened this morning so that we can compare that to what we're being told by the company. in other words, who told you, precisely what's going on?
GERUSKY:	I don't have the time. I went home last night at l a.m. and got back at 5 a.m. And sometime between 5 a.m. and 8 a.m., around that time, we have an open line to the plant, whoever we were talking to at that at the plant said that they had an uncontrolled, unplanned release of radioactive material to the environment. They gave us the reading, at 600 feet, I believe directly in the plume, and they gave us a reading at
••••• •	the site boundary. At that time, we had people who were heading south anyway to do some environmental readings and the wind was blowing south, they were in a radio car, we got in touch with them and they surveyed the doses on the way down and now are back at the center which was about the highest anyway.
REPORTER:	The plant said that they were transferring contaminated reactor coolant, you started to say that they were transferring it and that a valve blew, that's the part that I'm trying to,

GERUSKY :

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That's the information that we got. That they didn't expect that there would be any release of gases to the atmosphere.

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PLEASE PICK UP WITH PART II OF TRANSCRIPT. A

PART TWO

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REPORTER: And it was a valve malfunction?

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GERUSKY: I am not sure if it is a malfunction or a normal function but they didn't expect it to occur.

REPORTER: OK, and this was all information that came in at about 7 a.m. this morning when the release was actually going on or had just occured?

GERUSXY: Yes, that is when the information came about the emergency if you want to call it that, close the windows, stay inside.

REPORTER: Did the company advise you in advance that the of yesterday when the release was stopped, that there might in fact be further relases as a part of their normal cool down over the next couple day, as they were telling us this morning?

GERUSKY: I was not advised.

REPORTER: Could you clarify once again the difference in all the mr readings? Perhaps I am missing something but we were told this morning 1200 mrs down to 900, and on the ground possibly 125, and now you are telling us 1 to 5. Am I missing something or what is the difference?

GERUSKY: One to five is in the range of what we saw yesterday.

REPORTERS: Millirem?

GERUSKY: M.R. per hour, that's the numbers we were using yesterday.

REPORTER: This morning -- 1200 or ...

GERUSXY: 1200 is directly over the release point. That is now down, or at 11 a.m. was down to 90 -- that was 1200 millirem per , ------ per hour, it is now at 11 at 90 mr per hour. So that has stopped.

SEXTON: Do you have the recent readings that you have gotten offsite?

GERUSKY: Yes, the offsite readings went up to about 14 mr per hour as we went south of the plant and there were about ...

REPORTER: Onsite?

.GERUSKY: . We didn't go onsite to measure.

SEXTON: Are you still getting 14 mrs?

GERUSKY: No, we are not we are getting 3.

PANYARD: You said that it went up to 147 The Governor's Press Secretary told us it was between 20 and 30 on the east bank in another areas.

GERUSKY: That is on the site?

ROSS:" No, he said on the site it was -----inaudible------

CRITCHLON: That is what the chairman of the NRC told us.

GERUSKY: That was information that they probably got either from NRC or...there are hundreds of people out there with survey meters and all this information is coming in -- our people are giving us the information that I'm giving you.

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PANYARD:

14 is the highest?

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GERUSKY:	14 is the highest we have found.
GOVERNOR :	I have just got to tell you that we share your frustration: It is a very difficult thing to pin these facts down.
REPORTER:	This morning you said that 120 is still less than what the EPA says is the trigger level for evacuation 120 mrs what is the trigger level for evacuation?
GERUSKY:	EPA's recommended guide I believe is 1000 over the course of the incident.
REPORTER:	1000 mrs? ;
GERUSKY :	Over the course of the incident.
REPORTER:	Cumulative?
GERUSKY:	Yes.
REPORTER:	So we would have several hundred already?
GERUSKY :	We have not had several hundred already.
REPORTER:	What is your estimate of how many we have had?
GERUSKY:	I still think it is below 100.
REPORTER:	You mean hour by hour cumulative?
GERUSKY :	The total to any one individual I believe is less than 100 at this point.
REPORTER:	Are you aware that we are getting and reports from Dauphin County in terms of whether or not this
GOVERNOR:	We are getting conflicting reports too. What we are trying to do is give you our best estimate of what the accurate facts are.
REPORTER:	You are saying it was a controlled emmission
GOVERNOR:	No, it was an uncontrolled one.
REPORTER:	I am sorry, uncontrolled. Could you explain that to me, could you make an overall statement of what that means?
GERUSKY:	It was unexpected and they could not stop it.
REPORTER:	Where was that emission, in the reactor room, or in the auxiliary building?
GERUSKY :	I believe it was the auxiliary building but I don't know.
SEXTON:	Could we please iron
GERUSKY:	Same location, I think that, I think it is the same location that we normally were getting from.
REPORTER:	So there is no problem in the reactor room that you know of?
GERUSKY:	No, there was no problem in the reactor room.
REPORTER:	You said that water that was being transferred from one tank to another tank
GERUSXY:	From one area to another area.

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PART 2 Page Ja

- REPORTER: What water are you talking about?
- GERUSKY: The coolant water. The high-level coolant water that contains the xenon...
- FERRICK: Tom, was that from one area within the auxiliary building to another?
- GERUSKY: I am sorry I don't know.
- REPORTER: Was this primary-water?
- GERUSXY: Primary water/
- PANYARD: You don't know where it was being from, or to?
- GERUSKY: That is right. I don't right now. Our nuclear engineer ' is not here.
- GOVERNOR: One of the reasons that the President has dispatched Mr. Denton, who was the chief operations officer of the NRC here, is to answer those kinds of questions so that we have a communications facility set up between Washington, our office, other appropriate agencies that will dispell some of the multi-directional reports of facts that we get.
- ROSS: ____inaudible-----
- GOVERNOR: I don't know.

REPORTER: In your conversation with the President what did he say about this?

GOVERNOR:

Well, he was concerned that there be no panic, that there be no going off half-cocked on the basis of facts that haven't been verified and that there be appropriate communications of the best estimate of the situation to the people. Our prime concern is the safety of the people of central Pennsylvania. In order to assess what we must do to protect their safety, we need accurate information and I think the President agreed with me that we needed a better capability to communicate and to fact fine and accordingly he has sent his own representative because this in NRC jurisdiction, his own representative here to assist and keep us all fully informed.

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GOVERNOR: Yes.

MACLEOD: How about the Lt. Gov.'s? Is she going to stay in the area?

LT. GOV: She is currently at Indiantown Gap and she will ntay there. She was in Harrisburg yesterday.

PANYARD:

Mr. Gerusky could you explain about the overall doseage of mrs? Yesterday, we asked the question i there was an average reading. We said we didn't have one. Number one, do we have one today and number two, if in fact, the say the lowest level of mrs were one per hour since this incident took place, 48 to 50 hours ago, is that a multiple, so a person could figure out their mr doseage by miltifplying the number of hours times the average...

GERUSK':

What we are going to try to do is find out the highest reading at any point where anybody could have been and give that as the highest. We don't, now that doesn't mean people are there, but the exposure has been varying all over the place,

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GERUSKY (C WIINDED), number one we have got some low wind speed, and the wind direction is shifting all of the time. PANYARD: But in order to find the doseage, -----using the number of hours that the accident... GERUSKY: Yes, mr times hours is mr per hours times hours will give you millirem.

PANYARD: And you still believe it is under 100 on the average? .

GERUSKY: I think so, I mean it is my educated guess, and I have been in the business since 56...

REPORTER: Bow many more days does this emission have to continue before it gets dangerous enough that you have to say hey, you people have been exposed?

GOVERNOR: We can't make that judgement now.

REPORTER: Two weeks, three weeks, eight months, or what, I mean this may never be cleaned up for a while.

GERUSKY: That is what we are concerned about.

PANYARD: People like Dr. Sternglass would make that judgement wouldn't. . they? how long before damage could set in?

REPORTER: Governor Thornburgh you -----that they don't have to leave, are you recommending that people not come into the area?

GOVERNOR: Well, that is probably general statement, but on the other hand there may be need for them to come into the area, and I don't want to embargo the area. I think that any unnecessary travel in the area would probably be justified.

REPORTER: Let's get back to the NRC thing, -----missed several words because cassette turned over)

CRITCALON: based on the mr reading they had above the plant at that time that was simply, a calculation of what the maximum potential dose could have been for someone downwind, of the plant at that particular time. There is no reading anywhere that indicates that anyone got that heavy a dose. It was not based on any readings and there have been no readings that high. There is no reading of 125.

MACLEOD: Do you know what the highest reading is as a result of that burst of radiation ------inaudible------

GERUSKY: The highest one we had I told you was, offsite 14.

BRUTTO: Was that in Goldsboro?

GERUSKY: We didn't go to Goldsboro, we had the team down where we thought the plume was.

BRUITO: Give me a geographic location.

GERUSKY: It varied slightly, but it was south of the plant, a mile south of the plant to the center. In the center the reading at the center was about 14. It has now dropped to -----.

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BRUTTO: 'Was it in a populated area?

GERUSKY: It is a low population zone.

MACTEODI How much of a mr wes it? GERUSAY: 14 mr per hour. -----inaudible----- you indicate from your experience ROSS: is a guess right, ok, now, if you were to have an xray, how many X-rays would that be? Three chest x-rays probably in Pennsylvania. It would give you a 100 mrs to the chest, this is the whole body exposure, GE USKY: That would not necessarily be because you would be wearing clothes ROSS: GERUSKY: No. Have you found any reading over the course over on- point RESPORTER . where -----did you constantly record this hour by hour since the accident occurred? Can we get a reading from that one place from the start to now? We don't have those tabulated in any fashion right now, they GERUSKY : are tabulated at the plant. What we were planning on doing and I am not sure if we initiated it because of this incident on pulling those this morning and having them replaced with new ones. I don't know if we did because of the incident we were hoping that the course of the action was over, and that we could give you a determination of what it was at those locations surrounding the plant. REPORTER: What was the highest reading before this morning's incid=nt? GERUSKY: • Our highest reading? REPORTER. Before any incident? We found a 20 in Goldsboro yesterday morning. GERUSKY : REPORTER: We are saying before the incident occurred, what was the highest reading? GERUSKY : Before what incident REPORTER: Before the atomic, REPORTER: Before Wednesday? GERUSXY: Less than a tenth of an mr per hour.

REPORTER: Governor, the utility said today that they would continue these emmissions of radioactive gases and the first, and first cmmission was probably this afternoon, what will this do to your plan, will continued emmissions have an effect on what you request of the populus here? What would you anticipate if there were a series of contined...

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GOVERNOR: Depends on the assessment I get from the people who are the monitoring, depends on the assessment that I get from the people who are monitoring.

REPORTER: -----inaudible-----

GOVENNOR: We'll react to what the situation is.

REPORTER: Do you know who set off the alarm?

GOVERNOR: It was set off by mistake by an employee of the city:

REPORTER: I think Paul said that that alarm is to notify people to take cover. Are people being informed that if they get a long . siren that they should head for cover if it would be reactivated? Are people being informed that is they get . a long....

WILLIAMSON: The meaning of the take cover signal is not generally known by the population and would not be used under these circumstances to, for that purpose.

REFORTER: What city employee made the decision to set off the alarm? Wasn't it Kevin Malloy?

GOVERNOR: I don't know what his name is. It was set off by a low-level employee.

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REPORTER: It wasn't a civil defense employee?

GOVERNOR: It wasn't an ordered, planned siren.

MACLEOD: Did he just bump into it or did he deliberately trip it off?

GOVERNOR: I don't know I wasn't there, and I really am not terribly concerned with assessing responsibility for setting off alarms at this time.

REPORTER: -----was ordered by the county officials?

WILLIAMSON: That is not correct.

GOVERNOR: That is not correct.

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ROSS: The emissions that are still coming from the reactor, are they less now than they were before and as each emission goes they are decreasing?

GERUSKY: I don't know, the second one that occurred was very small.

CRITCHLOW: 7

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These gentlemen have to get back to the cammand post in the Governor's Office. That will conclude the press conference. We'll keep you briefed either through informal briefings by myself or further briefings here.

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